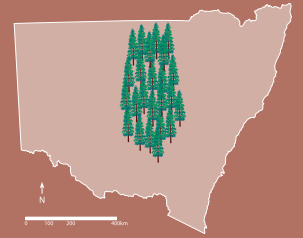


# White Cypress

*Callitris glaucophylla*



Cypress is slow growing and renowned for its strong resistance to fungal and termite attack.

The majority of white cypress comes from the vast Pilliga forests in western New South Wales. Sawn cypress production is worth almost \$30 million and generates some \$70 million for the state economy with recent in-roads into export markets.

## Wood characteristics

**Heartwood** Can range in colour from dark chocolate through to pale fawns, usually with many small dark brown knots.

**Sapwood** Pale yellow.

**Texture** Very fine and even.

**Grain** Usually straight.

\*Distinctive smell (similar to the smell of a surfboard), which is quite noticeable when the timber is freshly installed or sanded.



## Did you know ...

White cypress logs have been used to make mine pit props in the opal fields of Lightning Ridge for decades!

## Application

**Engineering** Posts, small poles.

**Construction** General house framing, flooring, cladding, panelling and fencing.



**Decorative** Furniture, turnery.

**Others** The bark produces a resin called sadrac, which is used to make confectionery and pharmaceuticals. Beehive construction.

